SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BANGALORE
ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2023-24)
Subject: English

CLASS: VI
Date: 21-03-2024
Max. Marks: 80

Reading Time: 8.00-8:15 am
Writing Time: 8.15-10.45 am

No. of Printed Sides: 10

General Instructions
This paper contains three sections:
Section A- Reading-20
Section B-Writing& Grammar- 20
Section C- Literature - 40
All sections are compulsory

Section A: Reading (20 Marks)

I Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow: (1x10=10M)

It is not easy to give any fixed definition of literature. But it may be suggested that any writing of fictional or non-fictional nature that deals with human life and has the power to engage the interest of all kinds of human beings can be called literature.

Generally, books meant for specific subjects like chemistry, geography, political science or astronomy cannot be called literature because they do not have any universal appeal. But a novel by Tolstoi or Bibhutibhusan, a poem by Tagore or an essay by Lamb is certainly a work of literature because it can arouse feelings that are universal.

Literature can take many forms. It can be an epic like the Mahabharata, a novel like Pather Panchali, a poem like the ones in Rabindranath's Geetanjali or a short story like O, Henry's Gift of the Magi. The study of literature is both pleasurable and profitable, provided one reads selectively.

Literature helps us pass time pleasurably with its good story, interesting characters and pictures of various places and cultures past and present. From great literary works, we can gain profound insight into human nature as well as vital truths about different aspects of life.

It is a pity that the habit of reading literature is on the decline among today's youth. They spend more time watching TV and films than reading the classics

of literature. They would rather see a film on Shakespeare's Hamlet than read the play itself. But a film version of a literary classic, however well-made, cannot give the viewer the same depth of impression as the book itself can.

But it appears that young people today are more interested in building up a successful career than in enjoying literature or gathering wisdom from it. But there should be a coordination between the studies of science and literature to promote a more balanced and healthy attitude to life.

i)What is the definition of literature according to the provided passage?

A) Any writing that deals with human life and has universal appeal

B) Books meant for specific subjects like chemistry or geography

C) Films and TV shows

D) A successful career

ii)Which of the following is not considered to be literature?

A) A novel by Tolstoy

B) A book on political science

C) A poem by Tagore

D) A film version of Hamlet

iii)According to the passage, what is the benefit of studying literature?

A) Knowing different aspects of life

B) Passing time pleasurably

C) Gaining insight into human nature

D) All of the above

iv)How does the passage suggest that young people spend their time?

A) Reading literature

B) Watching TV and films

C) Building a successful career

D) Both B and C

v) Why is the film version of a literary classic not as effective as the book itself?

A) It does not give the viewer the same depth of impression

B) It is not as well-made

C) It is not as interesting

D) None of the above

vi) What is the suggestion made in the passage about balancing studies in science and literature?

A) That they should be coordinated

B) That they should be separate

C) That literature should be studied more than science

D) That science should be studied more than literature

vii) What is the attitude towards literature among today's youth according to the passage?

A) They enjoy reading literature

B) They are not interested in the literature

C) They spend more time reading literature than watching TV and films

D) They spend more time on career than literature

viii) Who is an example of a literary classic author mentioned in the passage?

A) O. Henry

B) Shakespeare

C) Rabindranath Tagore

D) J.K.Rowling

ix) What is the purpose of literature according to the passage?

A) To build a successful career

B) To pass time pleasurably

C) To gain insight into human nature

D) All of the above

x) What is the main concern expressed in the passage about literature?

A) That it is on the decline among today's youth

B) That young people are not interested in literature

C) That reading literature is not profitable

D) Both A and B

II Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow: (1x10=10M)

Mount Everest, the highest peak on Earth, is located in the Himalayan mountain range. Standing at a towering height of 29,032 feet (8,848 meters), it is a majestic part of the geography of Nepal and the Tibetan region of China.

2. The journey to the summit of Mount Everest is an arduous one, attracting adventurers and climbers from around the world. The base camp, situated at an altitude of 17,600 feet (5,364 meters), serves as the starting point for those attempting to conquer the peak. Climbers face extreme weather conditions, including freezing temperatures and high winds, as they ascend through the various camps on their way to the top.

3. The Himalayas, often referred to as the "Roof of the World," stretch across five countries: India, Nepal, Bhutan, China, and Pakistan. This vast mountain range is home to diverse ecosystems, from dense forests at lower elevations to alpine meadows and snow-covered peaks at higher altitudes.

4. The Ganges River, one of the major rivers in the world, originates in the Himalayas. It flows through the Indian subcontinent, providing water to millions of people and supporting rich agricultural lands along its course.

5. Beyond its geographical significance, the Himalayas are culturally and spiritually significant for the people living in the region. They are home to numerous ancient monasteries, temples, and traditions that have been passed down through generations.

A) Choose the appropriate option from the following: (1x5=5)

1. Where is Mount Everest located?

a) Rocky Mountains

b) Himalayan mountain range

c) Andes Mountains

d) Alps

2. What is the height of Mount Everest?

a) 20,000 feet

b) 25,032 meters

c) 29,032 feet

d) 8,000 meters

3. What is the starting point for climbers attempting to summit Mount Everest?

a) Andes base camp

b) Alps base camp

c) Himalayan base camp

d) Rocky Mountains base camp

4. Which river originates in the Himalayas?

a) Nile

b) Amazon

c) Ganges

d) Mississippi

5. How many countries does the Himalayan mountain range stretch across?

a) Two

b) Three

c) Four

d) Five

B. Fill in the Blanks: (1x3=3m)

1. Mount Everest is the highest peak on _____.

2. The base camp for climbing Mount Everest is located at an altitude of _____ feet.

3. The Himalayas are often referred to as the "_____."

C. Give the synonym of 'many' from para 5. (1m)

D. Find the antonym of 'repel' from para '2'. (1m)

Section B: Writing and Grammar (30 Marks)

III Choose the correct option from the following: (1x3=3m)

1. The children said, "We are playing in the garden."
   a) The children said that they had been playing in the garden."
   b) The children said that they are playing in the garden.
   c) The children said they were playing in the garden.
   d) The children said that we are playing in the garden.

2. The teacher said, "Write neatly."
   a) The teacher instructed the children to write neatly.
   b) The teacher exclaimed angrily that the children should write neatly.
   c) The teacher requested the children to write neatly.
   d) The teacher said to the children write neatly.

3. Ram said, "Mount Everest is the highest peak in the world."
   a) Ram said that Mount Everest is the highest peak in the world.
   b) Ram said that Mount Everest was the highest peak in the world.
   c) Ram said that Mount Everest had been the highest peak in the world.
   d) Ram exclaimed that Mount Everest is the highest peak in the world.

Do as directed: (1x7=7m)

1. Identify the error in the given sentence and choose the correct option:
   Dawn's favorite activity is draw sketches of her family.

Error	Correction

Options

Error	Correction
a) sketches	sketch
b) draw	drawing
c) activity	activities
d) of	to

2. Bread and Butter _____ my favourite breakfast.
   a) is   b) am   c) are   d) was

3. When we get ready for dinner, I have to get my books _____ the table.
   a) of   b) off   c) on   d) by

4. He wanted to improve his piano playing _____ he wanted to win the competition.
   a) so   b) but   c) because   d) therefore

5. One of my dogs _____ old.
   a) Is   b) were   c) are   d) have been

6. The moon _____ (go) round the earth.
   a) had gone   b) going   c) went   d) goes

7. The bird has _____ away.
   a) flies   b) flown   c) flew   d) flying

IV Write a letter to the Principal of the school requesting a transfer certificate as your father has been transferred to a foreign country and you will go there with your family.   (5m)

V The other day, you went with your family to a Russian circus famous for its extraordinary circus shows. Though you wanted to enjoy, you were highly disturbed by the cruel methods and dangerous ways in which the animals perform. Write an article highlighting the cruelty to animals in a circus. (5m)

Section C: Literature(40 M)

VI Read the following extract and answer the following:　　　(1x4=4m)

　　1) He sent for the young woodcutter, and rewarded him with twenty pieces of gold for having been so good and kind.

　　　i)　　This extract is taken from the lesson:
　　　　　a) Taro's reward　b) The Shepherd's treasure
　　　　　c) Tansen　　　d) Fair Play
　　　ii)　　Who sent for the woodcutter?
　　　a)　　Taro
　　　b)　　Taro's father
　　　c)　　The King of China
　　　d)　　The Emperor of Japan
　　　iii)　　The meaning of 'sent' with reference to the above passage is:
　　　　　a) dispatched
　　　　　b) deliver
　　　　　c) to call someone
　　　　　d) communicate
　　　iv)　　To whom was the young woodcutter kind?

VII Read the following extract and answer the following:　　　(1x4=4m)

When at four in the afternoon I come back from

the school,

I can see through the gate of that house the

gardener digging the ground.

He does what he likes with his spade, he soils

his clothes with dust, nobody takes him to

task, if he gets baked in the sun or gets wet.

I wish I were a gardener digging away at the

garden with nobody to stop me from digging.

　　　i)　　The _____ is the speaker in the poem.
　　　a) Rabindranath Tagore　　　b) a schoolboy
　　　b) the hawker　　　　　d) the watchman

ii)   The gardener works in the garden at

a) 3 pm   b) 4 am   c) 3 am   d) 10.30 pm

iii)   The synonym for 'baked' as meant in the above stanza is:

   a) cooked   b) roast   c) boil   d) tanned

iv)   Why does the speaker want to become a gardener?

VIII Answer the following in 20-30 words: (any 5)   (2x5= 10m)

1) Why was the narrator upset initially when he looked out of the window?

(A different kind of school)

2) How did Jumman and Algu's friendship turn into enmity? (Fairplay)

3) Why do you think, the child wants to become a hawker, a gardener or a watchman? How is his life different from theirs?   (Vocation)

4) Why did the monkey ask the crocodile to return to the tree? (The monkey and the crocodile)

5) How was the specialist's prescription to Saeeda's mother different from the other doctors?   (A pact with sun)

6) How do we know that King Akbar appreciated Tansen?   (Tansen)

IX Answer the following in 40-50 words (any 3)   (4x3=12m)

1. How was Miss Beam's school different from the others? Would you like to study in such a school? Why?   (A different kind of school)

2. "It was to be a battle of champions." Describe the fight between the mongoose and the cobra.   (The banyan tree)

3. How did the friendship between the monkey and the crocodile come to an end?   (The monkey and the crocodile)

4. How did Tansen silence his enemies?   (Tansen)

X Answer the following in 100-120 words: (2x5=10m)

1) The myna dropped cautiously to the ground, hopped about, peered into the bushes from a safe distance, and then, with a shrill cry of congratulation, flew away.

Imagine you are the myna and write a diary entry expressing your feelings at the end of the fight.   (The banyan tree)

Or

Imagine that you are the old aunt after she won the case against Jumman. Write a diary entry expressing your feelings.   (Fair play)

2. Why were the shepherd's enemies embarrassed? What were the values you learnt from the lesson 'The shepherd's treasure' and how will you inculcate them in your life?

(The shepherd's treasure)

Or

Do you think Saeeda took a wise decision by making a pact with the sunrays? What did you learn from the lesson 'A pact with the sun?' (A pact with the sun)

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SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU
ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2023-24)
SUBJECT – L2 KANNADA

Class: VI

Date : 18/03/2024

Number of printed sides :8

MARKS 80

Reading Time : 8:30 to 8:45 am

Writing Time : 8:45 to 11:30 am

ಸೂಚನೆಗಳು:

* ಈ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಒಟ್ಟು 14 ಮುಖ್ಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿರುತ್ತವೆ.

* ಈ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯು ಭಾಗ A ಮತ್ತು ಭಾಗ B ಎಂಬ ಭಾಗಗಳನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು A B C D ಎಂಬ ನಾಲ್ಕು ವಿಭಾಗಗಳನ್ನು ಒಳಗೊಂಡಿರುತ್ತದೆ.

* ವಿಭಾಗ A ನಲ್ಲಿ ಒಟ್ಟು 4 ಮುಖ್ಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು, 10 ಬಹು ಆಯ್ಕೆಯ ಉಪ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಬರವಣಿಗೆಯ 10 ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿರುತ್ತವೆ.

* ಭಾಗ A ಅನ್ವಯಿಕ ವ್ಯಾಕರಣದಲ್ಲಿ 10 ಬಹು ಆಯ್ಕೆಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು, 5 ಬರವಣಿಗೆಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಹೈಪೂರಕದ 5 ಬಹು ಆಯ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಬೇಕು.

* ಭಾಗ B - (ಬರವಣಿಗೆಯ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ) ವಿಭಾಗ C ನ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಬೇಕು.

* ಭಾಗ B (ಪದ್ಯಗಳ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ) ಅಲ್ಲಿನ ವಿಭಾಗ - D ಯಲ್ಲಿಯ 11 ರಿಂದ 14 ಮುಖ್ಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿಯ ಸೂಚನೆಯಂತೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಬೇಕು.

ಭಾಗ A	ವಾಚನ ಮತ್ತು ಗ್ರಹಿಕಾ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ	20 ಅಂಕಗಳು
(40 ಅಂಕಗಳು)	ಅನ್ವಯಿಕ ವ್ಯಾಕರಣ	15 ಅಂಕಗಳು
	ಬಹು ಆಯ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ- ಪದ್ಯಗಳ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ	05 ಅಂಕಗಳು
ಭಾಗ-B	ಬರವಣಿಗೆ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ	12 ಅಂಕಗಳು
(40 ಅಂಕಗಳು)	ಪದ್ಯಗಳ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ	28 ಅಂಕಗಳು
	ಒಟ್ಟು ಅಂಕಗಳು	80 ಅಂಕಗಳು

SECTION – A

(ವಾಚನ ಮತ್ತು ಗ್ರಹಿಕಾ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ) = 10 ಅಂಕಗಳು

1. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಗದ್ಯಾಂಶವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು ಅದರ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.   5 X 1 = 5

"ಪುಸ್ತಕಗಳು ಒಳ್ಳೆಯ ಮಿತ್ರರಂತೆ. ಪುಸ್ತಕಗಳನ್ನು ನಿಜವಾಗಿ ಪ್ರೀತಿಸುವವರಿಗೆ ಒಳ್ಳೆಯ ಸ್ನೇಹಿತರ ಅಗತ್ಯ ಕೂಡ ಇಲ್ಲ" ಎಂದಿದ್ದಾರೆ ಬರೋ ಎಂಬ ಆಂಗ್ಲ ಲೇಖಕ. ಉತ್ತಮ ಪುಸ್ತಕಗಳ ಲೋಕದಲ್ಲಿ ವಿಹರಿಸುವ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಬ್ಬನ ಬದುಕು ಸುಂದರ. ಉತ್ತಮ ಪುಸ್ತಕಗಳು ನಾಡಿನ ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಯ ಪ್ರತೀಕ. ಓದುವ ಹವ್ಯಾಸ ಉಳ್ಳವರಿಗೆ ಮೊದಲ ಅವಶ್ಯಕತ ಪುಸ್ತಕ. ಓದು ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಯ ಮನಸ್ಸನ್ನು ಅರಳಿಸುವ ವಿಶಿಷ್ಟ ಸಾಧನವಾಗಬೇಕು. ಕೇವಲ ಸಮಯವನ್ನು ಕಳೆಯಲುತ್ತೇ ಪುಸ್ತಕ ದೊರೆಯಬಾರದು. ಮನೆ ದೀಪ ಹೆಗೂ ಹಾಗೆ ಪುಸ್ತಕ. ಅದು ನೀಡುವ ಜ್ಞಾನ, ನಮ್ಮ ಅಜ್ಞಾನ ಕಳೆಯಬೇಕು.

ನಾವು ಪುಸ್ತಕ ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಯನ್ನು ಬೆಳೆಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕಾಗಿರುತ್ತದೆ. ಅಕ್ಷರಸ್ಥರೆಲ್ಲರೂ ಪುಸ್ತಕಗಳನ್ನು ಓದುವ ಹವ್ಯಾಸ ಬೆಳೆಸಿಕೊಂಡಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ ಎನ್ನಲಾಗದು. ಇಂದು ನಗರಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಹಾಗೂ ಸ್ವಲ್ಪ ದೊಡ್ಡ ಹಳ್ಳಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ದೂರದರ್ಶನ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಮಯ ಮೀಸಲಿಡುವವರ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆಯೇ ಹೆಚ್ಚು. ಪುಸ್ತಕಗಳ ಕಡೆ ಗಮನ ಹರಿಸುವವರು ಎಷ್ಟೋ ಸ್ವಲ್ಪ ಜನರಷ್ಟೇ. ಪುಸ್ತಕಗಳು ಜೀವನಾವಶ್ಯಕ ವಸ್ತುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಒಂದಾಗಬೇಕು. ಬೇರೆ ದೇಶಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಕಾಮಿಸಿರುವಂತ ಪುಸ್ತಕಗಳು ನಮ್ಮ ದೇಶದಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರತಿಷ್ಠೆಯ ಸಂಕೇತವಾಗಿಲ್ಲ ಎಂದು ವಿತಾರವಾದಿಗಳು ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯ ಪಟ್ಟಿದ್ದಾರೆ.

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು:

I. ಉತ್ತಮ ಪುಸ್ತಕಗಳು ನಾಡಿನ _____ ಪ್ರತೀಕ.

A. ಹೆಮ್ಮೆಯ   B. ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಯ   C. ಸ್ವಾಭಿಮಾನದ   D. ಕ್ರಾಂತಿಯ

II. ಪುಸ್ತಕಗಳು ನಮ್ಮ ದೇಶದಲ್ಲಿ _____ ಸಂಕೇತವಾಗಿಲ್ಲ ಎಂದು ವಿತಾರವಾದಿಗಳು ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯ ಪಟ್ಟಿದ್ದಾರೆ.

A. ದೇಶಪ್ರೇಮದ   B. ಪ್ರತಿಷ್ಠೆಯ   C. ಗಂಭೀರತೆ   D. ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯದ

III. ಓದುವ ಹವ್ಯಾಸ ಉಳ್ಳವರಿಗೆ ಮೊದಲ ಅವಶ್ಯಕತ ಆಗಿರುವುದು _____

A. ದೂರದರ್ಶನ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮ   B. ಮೊಬ್ಯೆಲ್   C. ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಗಳು   D. ಪುಸ್ತಕಗಳು

IV. "ಪುಸ್ತಕಗಳನ್ನು ನಿಜವಾಗಿ ಪ್ರೀತಿಸುವವರಿಗೆ ಒಳ್ಳೆಯ ಸ್ನೇಹಿತರ ಅಗತ್ಯ ಕೂಡ ಇಲ್ಲ" ಎಂದವರು _____

A. ಕ್ರೋಚೆ   B. ದಾಂಟೆ   C. ಬರೋ   D. ಮಮ

V. ಪುಸ್ತಕಗಳು _____ ವಸ್ತುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಒಂದಾಗಬೇಕು ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿದ್ದಾರೆ.

A. ಜೀವನಾವಶ್ಯಕ   B. ಅನವಶ್ಯಕ   C. ಅಪರೂಪದ   D. ಜ್ಞಾನದ

2.ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಗದ್ಯಾಂಶವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು ಅದರ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.   5X1=5

'ಕಡಲ ತೀರದ ಭಾರ್ಗವ' ಎಂದು ಹೆಸರಾಗಿರುವ ಕಾರಂತರು ಜನಿಸಿದ್ದು 10-10-1902 ರಂದು ಇವರು ದಕ್ಷಿಣ ಕನ್ನಡ - ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಯ ಕೋಟಾ ಗ್ರಾಮದಲ್ಲಿ ಜನಿಸಿದರು. ತಂದೆ ಶೇಷ ಕಾರಂತರು, ತಾಯಿ ಲಕ್ಷ್ಮಮ್ಮ. ಯಕ್ಷಗಾನದಲ್ಲಿ ವಿಶೇಷ ಆಸಕ್ತಿಯನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿದ್ದ ಇವರು 'ಯಕ್ಷಗಾನ – ಬಯಲಾಟ' ಎಂಬ ಕೃತಿಯನ್ನು ರಚಿಸಿದರು. ಚೋಮನ ದುಡಿ, ಮರಳಿ ಮಣ್ಣಿಗೆ, ಬೆಟ್ಟದ ಜೀವ, ಅಳಿದ ಮೇಲೆ, ಮೂಕಜ್ಜಿಯ ಕನಸುಗಳು, ಮೈ ಮನಗಳ ಸುಳಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಇವು ಇವರ ಪ್ರಮುಖ ಕಾದಂಬರಿಗಳು.ಇವರು ಅನೇಕ ನಾಟಕಗಳನ್ನು ಹಾಗೂ ಪ್ರವಾಸ ಕಥನಗಳನ್ನು ಬರೆದಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಇವರ ಆತ್ಮಚರಿತ್ರೆ -'ಹುಟ್ಟು ಮನಸ್ಸಿನ ಹತ್ತು ಮುಖಗಳು '. ಇವರ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಸೇವೆಗೆ ಸಾಕಷ್ಟು ಪ್ರಶಸ್ತಿಗಳು ಬೆನ್ನಟ್ಟಿ ಬಂದಿವೆ. ಒಂದು ಜೀವಿತ ಅವಧಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಒಬ್ಬ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿ ಇಷ್ಟೆಲ್ಲಾ ಸಾಧಿಸಲು ಸಾಧ್ಯವೇ ಎಂಬ ವಿಸ್ಮಯವನ್ನು ಹುಟ್ಟಿಸುವಷ್ಟು ಸಾಧನೆಯನ್ನು ಕಾರಂತರು ಮಾಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ.ಈ ಶತಮಾನದ ದೊಡ್ಡ ಕಲಾವಿದರು." ಆದು ಮುಟ್ಟದ ಸೊಪ್ಪಿಲ್ಲ, ಕಾರಂತರು ಬರೆಯದ ವಿಷಯವಿಲ್ಲ. " ಕಾರಂತರು ಒಬ್ಬ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಯಲ್ಲ ಅವರೊಂದು ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ಇದ್ದಂತೆ. ಶಿವರಾಮ ಕಾರಂತರಿಗೆ 1978 ರಲ್ಲಿ ಇವರ 'ಮೂಕಜ್ಜಿಯ ಕನಸುಗಳು' ಕೃತಿಗೆ ಜ್ಞಾನಪೀಠ ಪ್ರಶಸ್ತಿ ಲಭಿಸಿದೆ.

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು:

I. ಶಿವರಾಮ ಕಾರಂತರು ಈ ಶತಮಾನದ ದೊಡ್ಡ _____

A. ನೃತ್ಯಗಾರರು   B.ನಾಟಕಕಾರರು   C.ಕಲಾವಿದರು   D.ಹಾಸ್ಯಗಾರರು

II. ಕಾರಂತರು _____ ಎಂದು ಹೆಸರಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ.

A. ಕಾನನ ತೀರದ ಭಾರ್ಗವ   B.ಕಡಲ ತೀರದ ಭಾರ್ಗವ

C.ಶಬ್ದ ಗಾರುಡಿಗ   D. ಕನ್ನಡದ ಆಸ್ತಿ

III.ಕಾರಂತರು ಜನಿಸಿದ್ದು _____ ಗ್ರಾಮದಲ್ಲಿ

A. ಉತ್ತರ ಕನ್ನಡ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಯ ಕೋಟಾ   B. ದಕ್ಷಿಣ ಕನ್ನಡ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆಯ ಕೋಟಾ

C. ಉತ್ತರ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ಕೋಟಾ   D. ದಕ್ಷಿಣ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ಕೋಸಲ

IV. ಕಾರಂತರ ಆತ್ಮಚರಿತ್ರೆಯ ಕೃತಿ ಇದು _____

A. ಹುಟ್ಟು ಮನಸ್ಸಿನ ಹತ್ತು ಮುಖಗಳು   B. ಹುಟ್ಟು ಮನಸ್ಸಿನ ನೂರು ಮುಖಗಳು

C.ಹುರುಳು ಮನಸ್ಸಿನ ಬಹುಮುಖ   D. ಯಾವುದು ಅಲ್ಲ

V. ಕಾರಂತರ ಮೂಕಜ್ಜಿಯ ಕನಸುಗಳು ಕೃತಿಗೆ _____ ಪ್ರಶಸ್ತಿ ಲಭಿಸಿದೆ.

A.ಕೇಂದ್ರ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಅಕಾಡೆಮಿ   B. ರಾಜ್ಯ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯ ಅಕಾಡೆಮಿ   C. ಬೂಕರ್   D. ಜ್ಞಾನಪೀಠ

3. ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ 'ಎದೆಗುಂದದ ಧೀರರು' ಪಾಠ ಭಾಗದಿಂದ ಆಯ್ದ ಗದ್ಯಭಾಗವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು, ಅದರ
.. ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ.   5X1=5

ಕ್ರೀಡಾ ಜಗತ್ತಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾಲತಿಹೊಳ್ಳರ ಸಾಧನೆಯನ್ನು ಪರಿಗಣಿಸಿ, ಭಾರತ ಸರ್ಕಾರ ಅರ್ಜುನ ಪ್ರಶಸ್ತಿ(1995), ಪದ್ಮಶ್ರೀ ಪ್ರಶಸ್ತಿ (2001) ನೀಡಿ ಗೌರವಿಸಿತು. ಕೆ.ಕೆ ಬಿರ್ಲಾ ಪ್ರಶಸ್ತಿ, ಅಮೆರಿಕನ್ ಬಯೋಗ್ರಾಫಿಕಲ್ ಇನ್ಸ್ ಟಿಟ್ಯೂಟಿನ ವರ್ಷದ ಮಹಿಳಾ ಪ್ರಶಸ್ತಿ, ಇಂಗ್ಲೆಂಡಿನ ಅಂತಾರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಬಯೋಗ್ರಾಫಿಕಲ್ ಕೇಂದ್ರದ ಅಂತಾರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಮಹಿಳಾ ಪ್ರಶಸ್ತಿ, ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ ಸರ್ಕಾರದ ಏಕಲವ್ಯ ಪ್ರಶಸ್ತಿ, ಮುಂತಾದ 30 ಕ್ಕೂ ಮೀರಿ ಪ್ರತಿಷ್ಠಿತ ಪ್ರಶಸ್ತಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಮಾಲತಿ ಹೊಳ್ಳ ಭಾಜನರಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ.

ಅಭಿನಯ ಜಗತ್ತಿಗೂ ಮಾಲತಿ ಹೊಳ್ಳ ಹೊರತಾಗಿಲ್ಲ. ಡಾ.ರಾಜ್ ಕುಮಾರ್ ಅವರೊಡನೆ 'ಕಾಮನಬಿಲ್ಲು' ಚಲನಚಿತ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಭಿನಯಿಸುವ ಮೂಲಕ ಮೆಚ್ಚುಗೆಗೆ ಪಾತ್ರರಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಮಾಲತಿ ಹೊಳ್ಳ ಸಿಂಡಿಕೇಟ್ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕ್ ಉದ್ಯೋಗಿ. ವಿಧಿ ಬದುಕಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಕೊಟ್ಟ ನೋವನ್ನು ನುಂಗಿ, ವಿಶ್ವವೇ ಬೆರಗಾಗುವಂತೆ ಬೆಳೆದಿರುವುದರಲ್ಲಿ ಅವರ ಪರಿಶ್ರಮವಿದೆ. ಅವರ ಸಾಧನೆಯನ್ನು ಕುರಿತು ಬರೆಯಲಾದ ಪ್ರೌಢ ಪ್ರಬಂಧವೊಂದಕ್ಕೆ ಡಾಕ್ಟರೇಟ್ ಪದವಿ ಲಭಿಸಿದೆ.

ತಮ್ಮಂತೆಯೇ ವಿಕಲಚೇತನರಾದ ಗ್ರಾಮಾಂತರ ಪ್ರದೇಶದ ಮಕ್ಕಳಿಗೆ ಆಶ್ರಯ, ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ, ವೈದ್ಯಕೀಯ ನೆರವು ನೀಡುವ ಸಲುವಾಗಿ 'ಮಾತೃ ಫೌಂಡೇಶನ್' ಎಂಬ ಸೇವಾ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಯನ್ನು ಪ್ರಾರಂಭಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಸದಾ ಚಟುವಟಿಕೆ ಅವರ ಯಶಸ್ಸಿನ ಗುಟ್ಟು. "ಕೀಳರಿಮೆಗಿಂತ ಮಿಗಿಲಾದ ಅಂಗವೈಕಲ್ಯವಿಲ್ಲ. ನಾವು ನಗುತ್ತಲೇ ಜೀವನವನ್ನು ಎದುರಿಸಬೇಕು" ಎನ್ನುವುದು ಅವರ ಸಿದ್ಧಾಂತ.

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು:

I. ಮಾಲತಿ ಹೊಳ್ಳ ಅವರು ಡಾ. ರಾಜ್ ಕುಮಾರ್ ಅವರೊಡನೆ ಯಾವ ಚಿತ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಭಿನಯಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ.?

II. ಮಾಲತಿಹೊಳ್ಳ ಅವರು ಪ್ರಾರಂಭಿಸಿದ ಸೇವಾ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ಯಾವುದು ?

III. ನಾವು ಜೀವನವನ್ನು ಹೇಗೆ ಎದುರಿಸಬೇಕು ಎನ್ನುವುದು ಮಾಲತಿಯವರ ಸಿದ್ಧಾಂತ?

IV. ಮಾಲತಿಯವರಿಗೆ ಭಾರತ ಸರ್ಕಾರ 2001 ರಲ್ಲಿ ನೀಡಿದ ಪ್ರಶಸ್ತಿ ಯಾವುದು ?

V. ಮಾಲತಿ ಹೊಳ್ಳ ಅವರು ಯಾವ ಬ್ಯಾಂಕಿನ ಉದ್ಯೋಗಿಯಾಗಿದ್ದಾರೆ ?

4. ಈ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಜಿ.ಎಸ್.ಶಿವರುದ್ರಪ್ಪ ಅವರು ಬರೆದ 'ಐಕ್ಯಗಾನ' ಎಂಬ ಪದ್ಯವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು ಅದರ ಕೆಳಗೆ
ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ.   5X1=5

ಒಂದೇ ಒಂದೇ, ನಾವೆಲ್ಲರೂ ಒಂದೇ,

ಈ ದೇಶದೊಳಲ್ಲಿದ್ದರು

ಭಾರತ ನಮಗೊಂದೇ-

ಹಲವು ಕೊಂಬೆಗಳ ಚಾಚಿಕೊಂಡರೂ

ಮರಕ್ಕೆ ಬುದ ಒಂದೇ

ಸಾವಿರ ನದಿಗಳು ಹೇಗೆ ಹರಿದರೂ

ಕೂಡುವ ಕಡಲೊಂದೆ

ಇರುಳಿಗೆ ಸಾಸಿರ ಚಿಕ್ಕೆಗಳಿದ್ದರು

ಹಗಲಿಗೆ ರವಿ ಒಂದೇ

ಅಗಣಿತ ಗ್ರಹ ಮಂಡಲಗಳ ಚಲನೆಗೆ

ಆಕಾಶವು ಒಂದೇ.

ನೂರು ಬಗೆಯ ಆರಾಧನೆಯಿದ್ದರು

ದೇವರು ಎಲ್ಲರಿಗೊಂದೇ,

ಹಲವು ಬಣ್ಣಗಳ ಹಸುಗಳು ಕರೆಯುವ

ಹಾಲಿನ ಬಿಳುಪೊಂದೆ.

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು:

I. ಈ ದೇಶದೊಳು ಎಲ್ಲಿದ್ದರು ಯಾವುದು ನಮಗೊಂದೇ ಆಗಿದೆ ?

II. ಸಾವಿರ ನದಿಗಳು ಹೇಗೆ ಹರಿದರೂ ಅವು ಏನನ್ನು ಕೂಡುತ್ತವೆ ?

III. ಯಾವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಆಕಾಶವು ಒಂದೇ ಆಗಿದೆ ?

IV. ಹಲವು ಬಣ್ಣಗಳ ಹಸುಗಳು ಕರೆಯುವ ಹಾಲಿನ ಬಣ್ಣ ಯಾವುದು ?

V. ಐಕ್ಯಗಾನ ಪದ್ಯವನ್ನು ಬರೆದ ಕವಿ ಯಾರು ?

SECTION –B

(ಅನ್ವಯಿಕ ವ್ಯಾಕರಣ ಮತ್ತು ಪದ್ಯ ಪೂರಕ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ) = 20 ಅಂಕಗಳು

5. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ಬಹು ಆಯ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ನಾಲ್ಕು ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ಕೊಡಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಅವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸರಿಯಾದ ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ಆರಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.   10x1=10

I. 'ನಮಗೊಂದೆ' ಈ ಪದವು _____ ಸಂಧಿಯಾಗಿದೆ.

A. ಆಗಮ   B. ಲೋಪ   C. ಆದೇಶ   D. ಗುಣ

Name : _____

Roll No: _____

Class/Sec: VI _____   Max. Marks: 30

Date: 28.3.2024   Reading time: 15 mins

No. of sides: 5   Writing Time: 1 hr

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:
- Write your Name, Roll number, Section in the answer script.
- Read all the Questions carefully.
- Answer all the Questions and write neatly.

खंड क

1(I) निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के सही उत्तर वाले विकल्प चुनिए ।   (1X5=5)

बचेंद्री को पहाड़ पर चढ़ने का शौक बचपन से ही था । जब इनका बड़ा भाई इन्हें पहाड़ पर चढ़ने से रोकता था और इनसे छह साल छोटे भाई को पहाड़ पर चढ़ने के लिए उकसाता था, तब बचेंद्री को बहुत बुरा लगता था । वह सोचती थी कि भाई यह क्यों नहीं समझता कि जो काम छोटा भाई कर सकता है ,वह उसकी यह बहन भी घर से भी कर सकती है । लोग लड़कियों को इतना कमज़ोर क्यों समझते हैं। फिर भी पहाड़ों पर चढ़ने की उनकी इच्छा बचपन में भी पूरी होती रही । बचेंद्री का परिवार साल में के कुछ महीने पहाड़ के नीचे तराई में बसे एक गाँव में बिताता था । उन दिनों स्कूल जाने के लिए बचेंद्री पाँच-छह मील पहाड़ की चढ़ाई करती थी ।

क) बचेंद्री को किस चीज़ का शौक बचपन से ही था?
- (i) मेला देखने का
- (ii) घोड़े पर चढ़ने का वचेंद्री
- (iii) पहाड़ पर चढ़ने का शौक
- (iv) किताबें पढ़ने का

ख) बड़ा भाई पहाड़ पर चढ़ने से किन्हें रोकता था ?
- (i) छोटे भाई को
- (ii) पिता को
- (iii) साथियों को
- (iv) बचेंद्री को

ग) पहाड़ों पर चढ़ने से रोका जाना बचेंद्री को कैसा लगता था ?
(i) बुरा   (ii) अच्छा   (iii) संतोषजनक   (iv) आदेशात्मक

घ) बचेंद्री की पहाड़ों पर चढ़ने की इच्छा कब पूरी होती रही है ?
(i) जवानी में   (ii) बचपन में   (iii) बुढ़ापे में   (iv) 35 वर्ष की आयु में ही

ड.) बचेंद्री का परिवार साल के कुछ महीने कहाँ पर आकर बिताता था ?
(i) तराई के एक शहर में   (ii) मेदानों में
(iii) तराई के एक गाँव में   (iv) रेगिस्तान में

खंड ख

2. (i) दिए गए शब्दों के दो पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखिए   (½ x4 = 2)

(क) अभिलाषा — .... , ...

(ख) पुष्प — .... , ...

(ii) दिए गए शब्दों के विलोम शब्द लिखे   (½ x4 = 2)

(क) महत्त्वपूर्ण x ....   (ख) प्रकाशित x ....

(ग) आदर x ....   (घ) सृजन x ....

(iii) दिए गए शब्दों की तुकांत शब्द लिखिए (½ x4 = 2)

(क) चाह — ....   (ख) वीर — ....

(ग) माली — ....   (घ) पथ — ....

(iv) दिए गए शब्दों के लिंग बदलिए   (½ X4=2)

(क) छात्र - ----------   (ख) लड़का - ----------

(ग) शिक्षक - ----------   (घ) डिब्बा - ----------

(v) दिए गए मुहावरों के जोड़े बनाएँ   (½ X4=2)

(क) दाग़ लगना   सफल होना — --

(ख) दम लेना   घबराना — --

(ग) कलेजा धड़कना   विश्राम करना— --

(घ) खरे उतरना   कलंक लगाना — --

(vi) दिए गए शब्दों में से मूल शब्द और उपसर्ग को छाँटकर लिखिए ।   (½ X4=2)

(क)प्रसिद्ध ---------- + ----------------

(ख)असाधारण ---------- + ----------------

(vi) नीचे दिए गए शब्दों को वाक्य में प्रयोग कीजिए।   (1x2=2)

(क) गहना --

(ख)बाल --

खंड - ग
3 (क) नीचे लिखे प्रश्नों के उत्तर एक वाक्य में दें-   (1X5=5)

(i) पुष्प की अभिलाषा क्या है?

(ii) सलीम अली के चाचा क्या थे ?

_____

_____

(iii) राजा साहब ने रियासत का नया दीवान ढूंढने का काम किसे सौंपा ?

_____

_____

(iv) परीक्षा के लिए उम्मीदवारों को कितने दिनों तक रुकना पड़ा?

_____

_____

(v) पुष्प किसके सिर पर नहीं चढ़ना चाहता है?

_____

_____

3(ख).निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के सही उत्तर से चुने

(1X6=6)

(i)सलीम अली द्वारा लिखी गई पुस्तक का नाम बताइए-
(क) इंडियन वर्ड ऑफ़   (ख)वर्ड ऑफ़ इंडिया
(ग) बुक ऑफ़ इंडियन बर्ड्स   घ)बर्ड्स हिस्ट्री

ii.पुष्प की अभिलाषा कविता के कवि कौन है?

(क) रामधारी सिंह दिनकर   (ख) माखन लाल चतुर्वेदी

(ग) सोहनलाल द्विवेदी   (घ) द्वारिका प्रसाद माहेश्वरी

iii. देवगढ़ के दीवान का पद जानकीनाथ को क्यों दे दिया गया ?

(क) क्योंकि वह एक अच्छा खिलाड़ी था।   (ख) क्योंकि वह एक नवयुवक था।

(ग) क्योंकि उसके हृदय में साहस आत्मबल और उदारता का वास था।
(घ) क्योंकि वह ज़ख्मी था।

iv सुजान सिंह ने कितने वर्षों तक राजा की सेवा की ?

(क) बीस वर्षों तक   (ख) तीस वर्षों तक   (ग) चालीस वर्षों तक   (घ) पचास वर्षों तक

v बचपन में सलीम अली को किस बात की कमी बहुत खलती थी ?

(क) भारतीय कहानियों की पुस्तक   (ख) भारतीय पक्षियों पर अच्छी पुस्तक की
(ग) अच्छे उपन्यास की   (घ) विदेशी पक्षियों की पुस्तक की

vi. पुष्प किसके शव पर डाला जाना नहीं चाहता ?

(क) सम्राटों के   (ख) पशुओं के   (ग) पक्षियों के   (घ) मनुष्यों के

****
****

Name : _____

Roll No: _____

Class/Sec: VI	Max. Marks: 30
Date: 30.3.2024	Reading time: 15 mins
No. of sides: 4	Writing Time: 1 hr

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- Write your Name, Roll number, Section in the answer script.
- Read all the Questions carefully.
- Answer all the Questions and write neatly.
- खण्ड 'क' – अपठितावबोधनम् – 6
- खण्ड 'ख' – रचनात्मक कार्यम् – 3
- खण्ड 'ग' – व्याकरणम् – 9
- खण्ड 'घ' – पठितावबोधनम् – 12

खण्ड 'क' – अपठितावबोधनम्

I. Read the passage and answer the questions given below.

अनुच्छेदं पठित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत ।

एकः काकः अस्ति । काकः पिपासितः अस्ति । काकाय जलम् आवश्यकम् । काकः सर्वत्र भ्रमति जलम् नास्ति । अन्ते काकः घटम् पश्यति । घटे किञ्चित् जलम् अस्ति । काकः जलम् पातुम् न शक्नोति ।

काकः उपायम् करोति । सः प्रस्तरखण्डान् संगृह्णाति । एकम् एकम् प्रस्तरखण्डम् घटे पातयति । जलम् उपरि आगच्छति । काकः जलम् पिबति, सन्तोषेण उड्डयति च ।

A. एकपदेन उत्तरत । Answer in one word.   ½ X 4 = 2

१. कः पिपासितः अस्ति ?   _____

२. अन्ते काकः कम् पश्यति?   _____

३. सः कान् संगृह्लाति ? _____

४. काकः किम् करोति _____

B. पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत । Answer in complete sentence.   1 X 2 = 2

 १. सः कान् संगृह्लाति ?

_____

_____

२. कस्मै जलम् आवश्यकम् ?

_____

_____

C. यथानिर्देशं उत्तरत । Do as Directed   1 X 2 = 2

१. 'काकः उपायम् करोति' । _____

 वाक्ये कर्तृपदम् किम् ? (काकः, उपायम्, करोति)

२. 'जलम् उपरि आगच्छति' । _____

 अस्मिन् वाक्ये क्रियापदम् किम् । (जलम्, उपरि, आगच्छति)

खण्ड 'ख' – रचनात्मक कार्यम्

II.   Observe the picture and make 3 sentences with words given in the helpbox. चित्रम् दृष्ट्वा मञ्जूषायाः पदानि उपयुज्य 3 वाक्यानि रचयत ।

1 X 3 = 3

(नौके , अस्ति , जनाः)

1. एषा नदी _____ ।

2. _____ पूजाम् कुर्वन्ति ।

3. नदीजले _____ गच्छतः ।

खण्ड 'ग' – अनुप्रयुक्त व्याकरणम्

III.   उचित कर्तृपदैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत । Fill in the correct noun forms

½ X 6 = 3

1. _____ क्रीडाङ्गणे क्रीडन्ति । (बालः / बालौ / बालाः)

2. _____ वने चलतः । (गजः / गजौ / गजाः)

3. _____ वृक्षे कूर्दति । (वानरः / वानरौ / वानराः)

4. _____ उपवने विकसन्ति । (पुष्पम् / पुष्पे / पुष्पाणि)

5. _____ सुन्दरम् अस्ति । (चित्रम् / चित्रे / चित्राणि)

6. _____ भोजनम् पचतः । (महिला / महिले / महिलाः)

Page-3

IV. उचित क्रियापदैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत । Fill in the correct present tense forms.   ½ X 6 = 3

1. शशकः गृञ्जनम् _____ (खादतः / खादति / खादन्ति)

2. गजौ नद्याम् स्नानं _____ (करोति / कुरुतः / कुर्वन्ति)

3. शुनकाः मार्गे _____ (धावन्ति / धावति / धावतः)

4. कदलीपादपः सकृत् एव फलं _____ (यच्छति / यच्छतः /यच्छन्ति)

5. वयं नेत्राभ्याम् रूपम् _____ (पश्यामि / पश्यावः / पश्यामः)

6. त्वम् रसनया _____ (वदसि / वदथः / वदथ)

V. इतर वचनद्वयम् लिखत ।   ½ X 6 = 3
Write the singular, dual or plural as required

1. कथा _____   _____

2. _____   _____   दुर्जनाः

3. _____   आवाम्   _____

VIII. Read the passage and answer the questions given below.

अनुच्छेदं पठित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत ।

श्रीकृष्णः जगतः गुरुः अस्ति । तस्य जन्मस्थानम् मथुरायां कारागृहम् । श्रीकृष्णस्य जननी देवकी । श्रीकृष्णस्य जनकः वसुदेवः । अत एव तं वासुदेव इति कथयन्ति । श्रीकृष्णस्य मातुलः कंसः ।

द्वापरयुगे कंसचाणूरादयः लोककण्टकाः दुर्जनाः सज्जनान् पीडयन्ति स्म । तेषां विनाशाय जगद्धिताय च श्रीकृष्णः अवतीर्णः । अपि च श्रीकृष्णः सनातनधर्मस्य संरक्षकः आधारपुरुषः च अस्ति । अतः वयं सर्वे धर्ममार्गम् अनुसरामः ।

श्रीकृष्णः द्वापरयुगे श्रावनमासे कृष्णपक्षे अष्टम्यां रोहिणीनक्षत्रे अवतीर्णः । अत एव प्रतिवत्सरं जगति जनाः तस्मिन् दिने श्रीकृष्णजन्मोत्सवम् आचरन्ति ।

A. एकपदेन उत्तरत । Answer in one word.　　　　　½ X 2 = 1

१. श्रीकृष्णस्य जननी का ?　　　　　————————————

२. श्रीकृष्णस्य जनकः कः ?　　　　　————————————

B. पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत । Answer in complete sentence.　　2 X 2 = 4

१. द्वापरयुगे के सज्जनान् पीडयन्ति स्म?

————————————————————————

————————————————————————

२. श्रीकृष्णः कदा अवतीर्णः?

————————————————————————

————————————————————————

SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL , BENGALURU -01
ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2023-24)
SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS

Class : 6   Date : 19/3/24

No.of printed sides : 5   Marks : 80

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

• Write your name, roll number, class and section, date and subject clearly in youranswer script.

1. This Question Paper has 5 Sections A-E.
2. Section A has 20 MCQs carrying 1 mark each
3. Section B has 5 questions carrying 02 marks each.
4. Section C has 6 questions carrying 03 marks each.
5. Section D has 4 questions carrying of 05 marks.
6. Section E has 3 case based integrated units of assessment
   (04 marks)with subpartsof the values of 1, 2 and 1marks each respectively.

   All Questions are compulsory.

SECTION-A   (1x20=20)

Choose the correct alternative :

1) The value of 200 + 6 + 3/10 + 50 + 7/1000 is _____.
   a) 236.07   b) 256.307   c) 265.370   d) 263.307

2) The measure of three right angles is equal to a _____ angle.
   a) right   b) complete   c) straight   d) reflex

3) The ratio 300:450 in its simplest form is _____.
   a) 3/5   b) 2/3   c) 3/4   d) 5/6

4) 7089 m is expressed as _____ km.
   a) 70.89   b) 7.089   c) 708.9   d) 78.09

5) The measure of an angle is expressed in _____.
   a) centimetres   b) degrees   c) points   d) numbers

6) The number of matchsticks required for pattern ⌁ is _____
   a) 5   b) 2   c) 3   d) 6

7) _____ lines can pass through two given points.
   a) 7   b) 4   c) infinite   d) 1

8) The length and width of a tape are 2m and 28cm . Their ratio is _____.
   a) 100:14   b) 7:50   c) 50:70   d) 1:8

9) The decimal form of "Three hundred three and three-hundredth is _____.
 a) 300.3   b) 303.3   c) 300.03   d) 303.03

10) _____ is a collection of numbers gathered to give some information .
 a) data   b) pictograph   c) bar graph   d) tally marks

11) The expression for 24 added to 'm' is _____.
 a) 24m   b) m-24   c) 24+m   d) 2m+4

12) Number of points in a line are _____.
 a) one   b) infinite   c) two   d) zero

13) Which of the following is the place value of 5 in 6.345 ?
 a) 5/10   b) 5/1000   c) 5   d) 5/100

14) The area of a square is 81sq.m .Its side is _____.
 a) 8m   b) 9m   c) 10sq.m   d) 19 sq.m

15) Which of the following is in proportion ?
 a) 3,27,9,9   b) 5,11,15,44   c) 3,5,15,25   d) 4,3,36,18

16) A _____ of a circle is a line segment joining any two points on the circle and passing through the centre.
 a) chord   b) diameter   c) circumference   d) radius

17) The sum of 4.02 and 4.006 is _____.
 a) 8.026   b) 800.26   c) 802.6   d) 802.06

18) A triangle with sides 4cm , 4.8cm and 6cm is called a _____ triangle.
 a) equilateral   b) right   c) scalene   d) isosceles

19) Assertion (A) – Perimeter of a rectangle =2 × (Length × Breadth).

Reason (R) – Perimeter is the distance covered along the boundary forming a closed figure when you go round the figure once

a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
c) A is true but R is false
d) A is false but R is true

20) Assertion (A) – The expression for '1' subtracted from p' is p-1.

Reason (R) – any equation like the above, is a condition on a variable. It is satisfied only for a definite value of the variable.
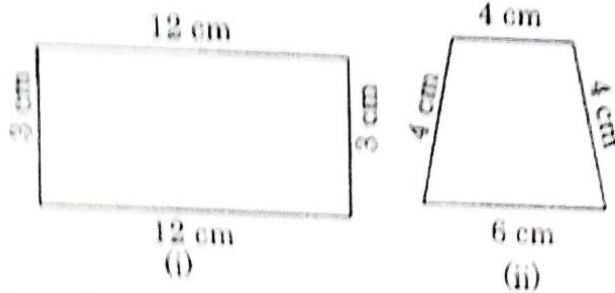
a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
c) A is true but R is false
d) A is false but R is true

SECTION-B   (2X5=10)

21) Draw a rough sketch of an obtuse angle and mark its vertices
22) Write the decimal 0.68 as a fraction and reduce it to the lowest form

23) How much distance will you have to travel in going around each of the following figures?

24) Write a mathematical statement for the given algebraic expression 7n + 5
25) Divide Rs 90 in the ratio 1: 2 between Anil and Sunil. How much share does each get ?

SECTION-C   (3X6=18)

26) Total number of animals in five villages are as follows:
Village A : 80
Village B : 120
Village C : 100
Village D : 40
Village E : 60
Prepare a pictograph of these animals using the symbol ◯ to represent 20 animals

27) What are the degree measures of the following angles?
(a) Right angle
(b) A complete angle
(c) Straight angle

28) Find the value of the following:
(a) 150 – 9.365
(b) 5.28 –3.4 + 4.69

29) A rectangular park is 26 metres long and 14 metres broad. A steel wire fence is put up all around it. Find the cost of putting the fence at the rate of ₹18 per metre.

30) If 35 meters of cloth costs ₹ 1050. What will be the cost of 13 meters of the same cloth?

31) Write the following using numbers , literals and signs of basic operations
a) One-third of the sum of numbers a   and b
b) 6 times d taken away from k
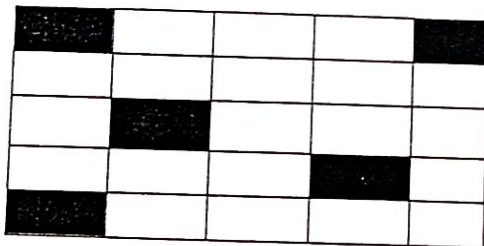
SECTION - D   (5x4=20)

32) a) Gopal drove 89.005 km on Saturday and 72.6 km on Sunday. How many kilometres did he drive on both the days ?

b) What number subtracted from 29.5 gives 7.26 ?

33) (i) Out of 72 persons working in an office , 28 are men and remaining are women. Find the ratio of number of

a) men to that of women

b) men to total number of persons

c) persons to that of women

(ii) Are the numbers 5, 6, 20 ,18 in proportion ?

34) a) Ronil runs around a square field of side 65m , Sahil runs around a rectangular field with length 185m and breadth 120m. Who covers more distance and by how much ?

b) Which has larger perimeter ?

a regular hexagon of side 4cm **or** a regular pentagon of side 6cm

35) a) Solve the equation and find the value of ' a '

$$8a = 24$$

b) List the terms in the expression

$$15m + 7y - 6$$

SECTION - E   (3x4=12)

Section E consists of 3 case study based questions

36) In the figure shown below , find the following :

a) the ratio of the shaded part to the unshaded part

b) Ratio of unshaded parts to total parts

c) (i) Ratio of total parts to shaded part

(ii) Write the antecedent and consequent in (i)

37) A car travels 228 km in 3 hours.

a) What is the distance covered by the car in one hour ?

b) How far will it travel in 7 hours?

c) How long will it take to travel 912 km?

14) In a class of 40 students, the grades in a class test are as follows:

Draw tally marks for the count of students getting the grades
a) How many students got grade 7?
b) How many students got above grade 8?
c) How many students got less than and equal to grade 4?

SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU.
ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2023-24)
SUBJECT: SCIENCE

CLASS: VI
DATE: 23/3/2024
NO OF PRINTED SIDES: 10

MAX MARKS: 80
WRITING TIME: 2 HOURS 30MINS
READING TIME: 15 MINS

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

i. This question paper consists of 39 questions in 5 sections.

ii. All questions are compulsory.

iii. Section A consists of 20 objective-type questions carrying 1 mark each.

iv. Section B consists of 6 Very Short questions carrying 02 marks each. Answers to these questions should be in the range of 30 to 50 words.

v. Section C consists of 7 Short Answer type questions carrying 03 marks each. Answers to these questions should be in the range of 50 to 80 words.

vi. Section D consists of 3 Long Answer type questions carrying 05 marks each. Answers to these questions should be in the range of 80 to 120 words.

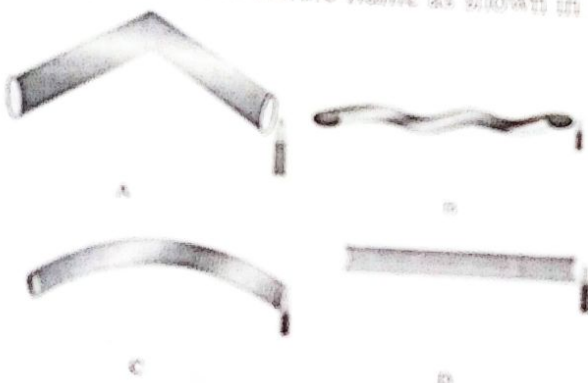vii. Section E consists of 3 source-based/case-based assessment units of 04 marks each with sub-parts.

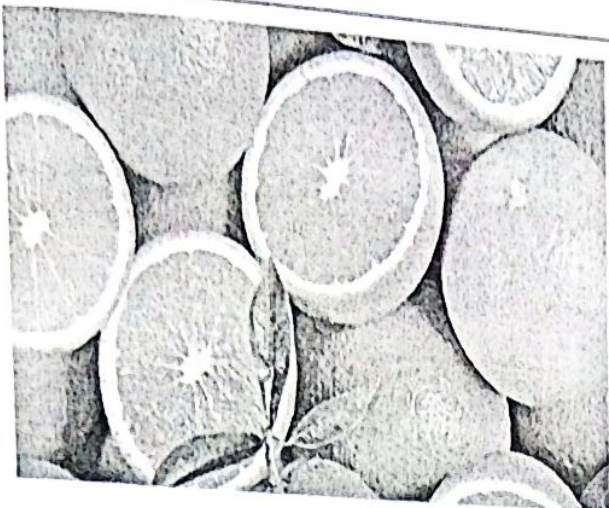| S NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS
	SECTION A	
	Select and write the most appropriate option out of the four options given for each of the questions 1 – 20.	
1	Ramesh forgot his transparent plastic water bottle in school on a hot sunny day. Some water was remaining in his bottle. Next day when he came to school he saw water droplets on the inner upper surface of the bottle. What could be the possible reason for the same? a) Evaporation and condensation	1

1

b) Evaporation and churning
c) Condensation and filtration
d) Condensation and sedimentation

2	The property which forms the basis of sieving is_____ a) Difference in weight b) Difference in colour c) Difference in shape d) Difference in size	1
3	What is the atomic number of Carbon a) 7 b) 4 c) 6 d) 8	1
4	The process that is done after harvesting is _____ a) Handpicking b) Threshing c) Reaping d) Cutting	1
5	Which of the following statement is correct? a) A mixture of milk and water can be separated by filtration. b) Grain and husk can be separated with the process of distillation c) Separation of sugar from tea can be done with filtration d) We can separate fruits mixed together by hand picking.	1
6	"Ag" is the symbol of which element a) Aluminium b) Copper c) Gold d) Silver	1
7	When no more salt dissolves in water at a particular temperature, then the solution at that temperature is called _____.	1

	a) Unsaturated b) Saturated c) Supersaturated d) None of these	
8	Which of the given food items are "energy giving food"? (i) Wheat (ii)Ghee (iii)Iodised salt (iv)Spinach a) (i)and (iv) b) (ii) and(iv) c) (i) and (ii) d) (iii) and (iv)	1
9	Rani was having difficulty seeing things in dim light. Doctor tested her eyes and prescribed a particular nutrient supplement. The nutrient prescribed is _____. a) Anaemia b) Mineral c) Vitamin A d) Starch	1
10	Name the nutrient that our body prepares in the presence of sunlight. a) Dietary fibres b) Meat c) Vitamin D d) Copper sulphate	1
11	Raju's excess intake of food like Samosa, malai, rabdi, peda may end up suffering from a condition called _____. a) Skin disorder b) weight reduction c) Joint pain d) Obesity	1

12	Animals and plants have certain features which make them to survive in a particular habitat. This is called as _____. a) Speciation b) Respiration c) Adaptation d) Dwelling	1
13	The bulb doesn't glow in the given figure because_____ a) Both wires are intact b) Both wires are not intact c) Filament is broken d) Wire is broken	1
14	A mirror is an example of _____. a) transparent object b) opaque object c) translucent d) none of these	1
15	Ravi often gets bone fractures and has a problem of tooth decay. After consulting a doctor, a deficiency disease was rectified. The nutrient which is in deficit is _____. a) Iron b) Calcium c) Vitamin E d) Vitamin K	1
16	The removal of waste substances from the body is called _____	1

a) Reproduction

b) Respiration

c) Breathing

d) Excretion

Note: In the following questions 17 to 20, a statement of Assertion is followed by a statement of Reasoning. Choose the correct answer from the following options.

(a) Both assertion and reason are correct statements, and reason is the correct explanation for assertion.

(b) Both assertion and reason are correct statements but reason is not the correct explanation for assertion.

(c) Assertion is correct, but reason is the wrong statement.

(d) Assertion is wrong, but reason is the correct statement.

17	Assertion – Handpicking technique is used for separation of larger sized impurities like pieces of stone from wheat/rice. Reason – It is a convenient method of separation.	1
18	Assertion- An aquatic animal having a streamlined and slippery body. Reason-The aquatic animals don't have legs.	1
19	Assertion- Milk is a complete food for babies. Reason- It is a good source of vitamin B.	1
20	Assertion (A): A fused bulb does not glow. Reason (R): The circuit in a fused bulb is incomplete due to breaking of filament.	1

Section B

21	 a) Identify the separation technique shown in the above picture.	2

	b) Explain it.	
22	How will you test for protein in a food sample?	2
23	An element was found with 7 protons in its nucleus. If its mass number is 14, mention the number of other subatomic particles and identify the element.	2
24	 a) What is a dry cell? b) What is the direction of flow of current in a dry cell?	2
25	Four students A, B, C and D looked through pipes of different shapes to see a candle flame as shown in figure. a) Who will be able to see the candle flame clearly? Give reason.	2

a) Identify the nutrient present in the above image and the deficiency disease caused by it.

b) List the symptoms seen due to the deficiency of the above nutrient.

2

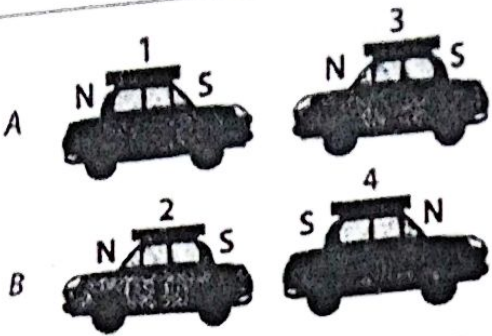|	**Section C**	
27	Draw a neat labelled diagram of the structure of an atom.	3
28	Name and draw the process by which tea leaves are separated from prepared tea.	3
29	Give reasons a) Roughage is an important component of a balanced diet. b) Rashmi is mentally challenged child and there is little swelling on his neck. c) Vitamins and minerals are known as protective food.	3
30	a) How do magnets lose their properties? b) Mention any two ways by which magnets can be stored properly.	3

		3
31	 a) What happens when car no.2 and car no. 4 is brought near to each other? Give reason for your answer. b) A long magnet is broken into 10 pieces. How many north poles will be there in i)10 pieces ii)one piece	
32	a) Define switch. b) Differentiate between conductors and insulators.	3
33	a) What is acclimatisation? b) Differentiate between biotic and abiotic components.	3
	Section D	
34	a) Differentiate between an atom and a molecule. b) Write the symbols of the given element: i. Gold ii. Beryllium iii. Sulphur c) Write the names of the elements for the given symbols: i. B ii. Li iii. Si	5
35	Tashvi visited Bannerghatta National Park. She enjoyed watching all the animals but had few questions in her mind. a) Why is lion is called a predator and deer a prey? b) In Lion, the eyes are in front of the face. Give reason. c) Why do lions need to camouflage? d) How do deer's escape from the enemies?	5

| 36 |

a) In which direction does a freely suspended magnet rest?
b) Name the property of the magnet depicted in the above picture.
c) Which method is a sure test for magnetism?
d) Draw a neat labelled diagram of a magnetic compass. | 5 |

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Section E

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| 37 | You are asked to add two spoons of solid salt and some sand to liquid taken in a beaker. On stirring it you find that whole of the salt has disappeared leaving behind sand in liquid in the beaker.

a) The liquid left after dissolving of salt in beaker is_____.
(a) water
(b) solution
(c) solute
(d) solvent

b) Which of the following processes will be useful to get sand from this solution?
(a) Condensation
(b) Evaporation
(c) sublimation
(d) Sedimentation and decantation

c) Which process can you use to get salt from the above mixture? | 4 |

SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU
ANNUAL EXAMINATION [2023-24]
SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE

Class: VI
Date: 26 .3.2024
No of Sides: 4

Max Marks: 80
Reading Time: 15 mins
Writing Time: 2hrs 45 mins

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

i. Question paper comprises Six Sections – A, B, C, D, E and F There are 37 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.

ii. Section A - From question 1 to 20 are MCQs of 1 mark each.

iii. Section B-Question no 21 to 24 are Very Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 2 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 40 words.

iv. Section C contains Q 25 to Q 29 are Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 60 words.

v. Section D-Question no. 30 to 33 are long answer type questions carrying 5 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 120 words.

vi. Section-E- Questions no from 34 to 36 are case based questions with three sub questions and are of 4 marks each.

vii. Section F-Question no. 37 is map based, carrying 5 marks with two parts, 37a. from History (2 marks) and 37b. from Geography (3 marks).

viii. There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions, only one of the choices in such questions have to be attempted.

ix. In addition to this, separate instructions are given with each section and question, wherever necessary.

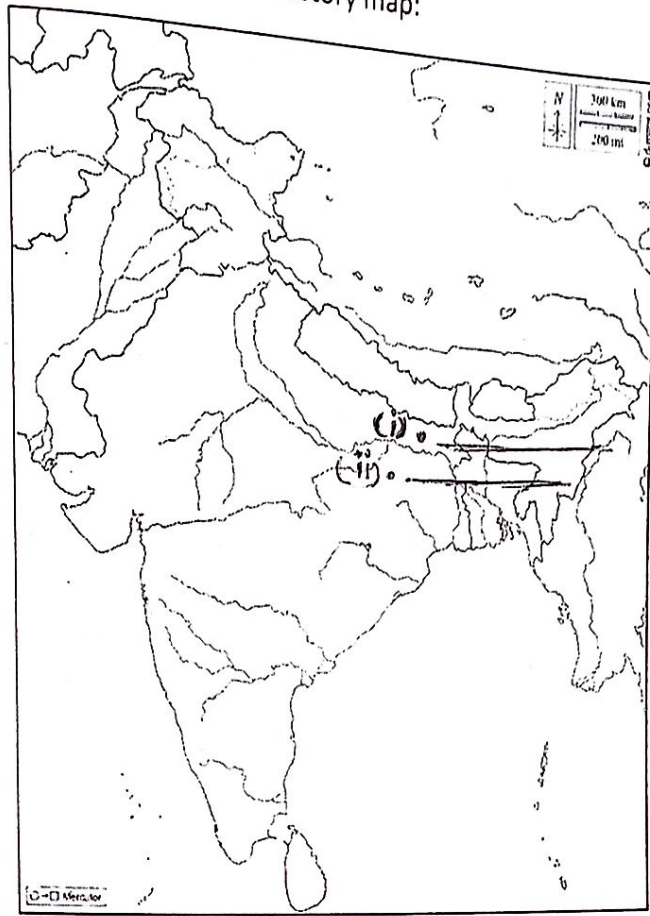| SECTION –A	1x20=20
Choose the best option:	
1. Vardhamana Mahavira was the ____ tirthankara. (a) 21st (b)23rd (c) 24th (d) 22nd	(1)
2. Which of the following is not the identity of the Patwari? (a) Lekhpal (b) Karamchari (c) Kanungo (d) Land owner	(1)
3. A scale is necessary for _____. (a) symbols (b) a sketch (c) a map (d) a circle	(1)
4. Banabhatta was a _____ at the court of Harshavardhana. (a) poet (b) writer (c) judge (d) pandit	(1)
5. Yasmin Khala was a retired person from the _____. (a) Mahanagara Palika (b) Municipal Corporation (c) Gram Panchayat (d) Zilla Panchayat	(1)
6. The blue colour on the map is used for showing_____. (a) Water bodies (b) Forest (c) Hills (d) Desert	(1)
7. Ashoka was the son of _____. (a) Chandragupta (b) Bindusara (c) Chandragupta II (d) None of these	(1)
8. Most of businessmen are_____. (a) self-employed (b) employed by others (c) both (a) and (b) (d) none of these	(1)

9.	The Arctic Ocean is connected with the Pacific Ocean by a narrow stretch of shallow water known as the _____. (a) Berring strait. (b)Palk Strait (c) Malacca Strait (d) Davis Strait	(1)
10.	_____ were found by Archaeologists at Burzahom in present-day Kashmir. (a)Thatched huts (b) Pit houses (c) stilt house (d) wooden house	(1)
11.	Under municipality a city is divided into _____. (a) Wards (b) Section (c) Councils (d) Parts	(1)
12.	The mountain range that separates Europe from Asia is_____. (a) the Andes (b) the Himalayas (c) the Ural (d) the Rocky	(1)
13.	Assertion (A): Hawking zones have been suggested for towns and cities. Reasons (R): Due to constant transport and more population. (a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. (b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A. (c) A is true but R is false. (d) A is false but R is true	(1)
14.	Which of the following cities lay on the route from north to south India? (a) Taxila (b) Lumbini (c) Ujjain (d) Meerut	(1)
15.	Raghu's uncle was _____. (a) Sarpanch (b) Officer (c) Accountant (d) Secretary	(1)
16.	The major constituent of atmosphere by per cent is_____. (a) Nitrogen (b) Oxygen (c) argon (d) Carbon dioxide	(1)
17.	According to the survey in_____ city, 12% workers work in the street. (a) Chennai (b) Delhi (c) Ahmedabad (d) Kolkata	(1)
18.	The _____ was broken by the ball hit by Rehana. (a) glass of bus (b) glass of car (c) garden light (d) street light	(1)
19.	Seafood is famous amongst Sindhi Community who live along the _____ river. (a)Ganga (b) Indus (c) Yamuna (d) Narmada	(1)
20.	Pankaj Advani achieved Arjuna Award in the year_____. (a)2005 (b) 2006 (c) 2004 (d)2003	(1)

SECTION – B

Q. no. 21 to 24 are very short answer questions   2x4=8

21.	What is the difference between the Empires and kingdoms?	(2)
22.	What was the dispute between Mohan and Raghu?	(2)
23.	How are the Political maps different from Physical maps?	(2)
24.	Where is Antarctica located? Name two India's research stations	(2)

SECTION – C

Q.no. 25 to 29 are short answer questions.   3x5=15

25.	What led to the movement of Hunters – Gatherers from place to place	(3)
26.	(a) Why did Bachchu Manjhi come to the city? (b) Explain his livelihood.	(1+2=3)
27.	What benefits does Sudha get along with her salary?	(3)

28.	Identify the picture and explain its importance.	(3)
29.	Explain the three divisions of Himalayas.	(3)

Q.no. 30 to 33 are long answer questions

		5x4=20
30.	Explain the teachings of Buddhism.	(5)
	OR	
	With reference to the Upanishad answer the following: (a) What is the meaning of Upanishad? Name two women Upanishadic thinkers. (b) Slaves were also allowed to learn Upanishad. Justify.	(2+3=5)
31.	How is the Prashasti of Samudragupta different from Pulakeshin II?	(5)
	OR	
	(a) Who was the court poet of Samudragupta? (b) Examine the policy of Samudragupta towards different kinds of rulers.	(1+4=5)
32.	Explain the work and responsibilities of a Patwari.	(5)
	OR	
	What is the work of the tehsildars?	
33.	Describe the features of Africa.	(5)
	OR	
	Which is the largest continent in the world? Explain its features	(1+4=5)

SECTION - E

Q. 34 to 36 are Case - Based questions

		4x3=12
34.	To the south of northern plains lies the Peninsular plateau. The relief is highly uneven. This is a region with numerous hill ranges and valleys. The Vindhyas and the Satpuras are the important ranges. Some rivers flow through these ranges. 1.Which is the oldest range of the world? 2. Name a river that flows towards west and drain into the Arabian Sea. 3. Why is it called the Peninsular Plateau.? Explain	 1 1 2
35.	The women were very unhappy about the situation in the city. Then it was Gangabai who said the Ward Councillor who they should go to and protest since they were the ones who elected him. She gathered a small group of women went to his house. 1.What was Gangabai protesting about? 2.Whom did she approach? 3.What was his response?	 2 1 1

36	Ashoka was the most famous Mauryan ruler. He was the first ruler who tried to take his message to the people through inscriptions. He is the only king in the history of the world who gave up conquest after winning a war.	
	1. Which language was used in Ashoka's inscription?	1
	2. Where is Kalinga located?	1
	3. Why did Ashoka give up war?	2

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SECTION- F

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		(2+3=6)
	Map –based questions	
37	a) On the given political map of India identify the following : (i) a Republic (ii) a Mahajanapada b) On the given political map of India mark the following : (i) Bhutan (ii) Rajasthan (iii) The Satpura Range	

Name: _____ Class: 6 A/B/C   Roll no: _____

History map:

Geography map:

INDIA